The Office of State Uniform Payroll (OSUP) prepares IRS Forms 1099-MISC and 1099-INT for each tax year when required for payroll related activity. Form 1099-MISC is required for wages paid on behalf of a deceased employee and for attorney fees paid pursuant to a back pay award on behalf of an employee. Form 1099-INT is required for interest paid to an employee pursuant to back pay awarded under a statute. Each agency is responsible for the timely submission of all documentation to OSUP for all payments requiring special payroll reporting. Agencies must contact OSUP before payment is issued for any situation resulting in a Form 1099-MISC or Form 1099-INT.

Payments requiring Forms 1099-MISC or 1099-INT:

- **Wage Payments Made on Behalf of Deceased Employees**
  Wages paid on behalf of a deceased employee follow special tax treatment and employer reporting requirements. When wages are paid after the death of an employee, the payment is taxable income to the payee (which is generally the estate or beneficiary of the deceased employee). Taxes withheld from such wages vary depending on the nature and timing of the payments. Refer to the Deceased Employee Final Payment Procedures to process the final payment of deceased employees.

- **Back Pay Awarded Under a Statute**
  Back pay awarded under a statute is a payment by an employer pursuant to an award, determination, or agreement approved by a court or government agency responsible for enforcing a law that protects an employee’s right to employment or wages. Civil Service Commission hearings resulting in back pay are included within this definition. Form 1099-MISC or Form 1099-INT may be issued due to payment of attorney fees and interest as part of a back pay award. Refer to the Back Pay Awarded Under a Statute (Wages, Attorney Fees, Interest) Procedure for more information.

  - **Attorney Fees**
    The payment of attorney fees will continue to be an agency responsibility. These payments are reported as income for the attorney on Form 1099-MISC through AFS or LaGov (LaGov ERP Financial Agencies only) under the agency EIN used for accounting purposes (not OSUP’s payroll EIN). OSUP will also issue a 1099-MISC to the employee for attorney fees paid pursuant to a back pay award on the employee’s behalf. Agencies must advise OSUP of these payments.
Interest may be awarded as a result of the back pay award and is exempt from payroll tax withholding; however, the payment will be reported by OSUP on Form 1099-INT.

Information regarding 1099 reporting for non-employees can be found in the Office of Statewide Reporting and Accounting Policy’s (OSRAP) annual 1099 memo. Generally, employees are not 1099 reportable vendors; OSUP will instead issue a W-2 for compensation for services and certain travel allowances. There are some instances when an employee may receive both a W-2 and 1099 if the employee worked as an employee for part of the year and a true independent contractor for the remainder of the year. In this situation, the employee would receive a W-2 from OSUP and a 1099 from the agency. An employee may also receive both a W-2 and 1099 from OSUP if the employee worked as an employee for part of the year and then received final wages upon death or attorney fees paid on their behalf. An IRS compliance audit would identify situations where an employee has received a 1099 and a W-2.